Digest of Dietary Exposure Methodologies in Support of Global MRLS

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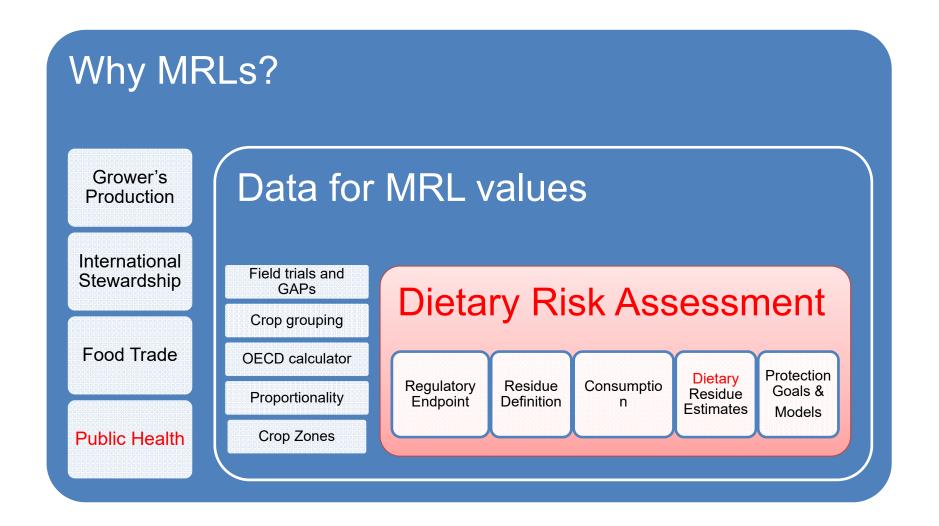






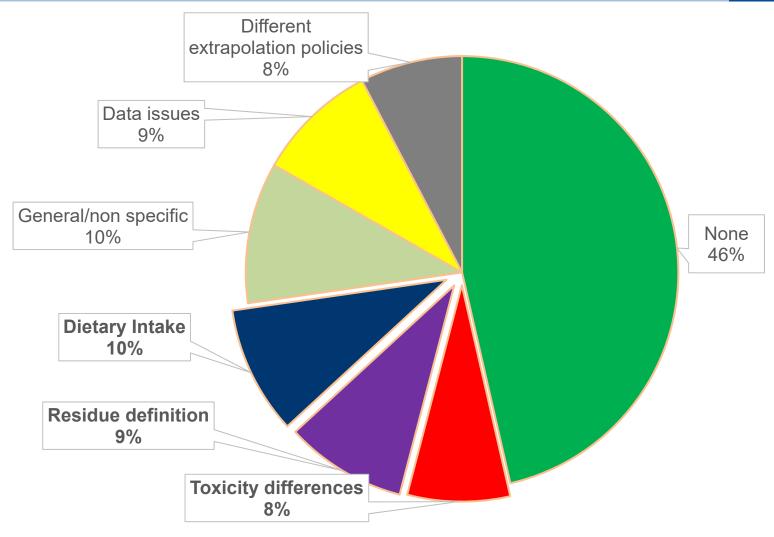


World of MRLs





Disharmony of MRLs at CCPR

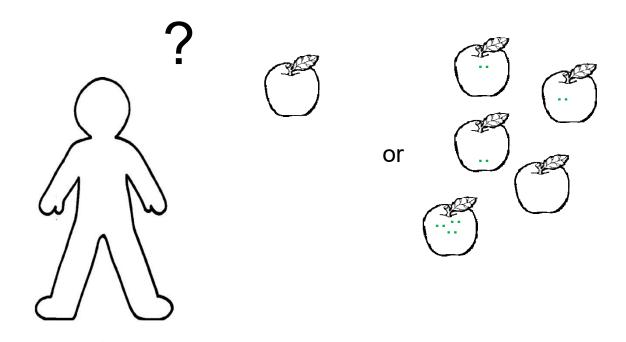




Dietary Risk Assessment for Pesticides

Risk = f (Exposure, Hazard)

Exposure = Consumption X Residue in Food







Level	Consumption	Residue Estimates	Model
Unrefined Less Resources	Food Balance Sheets		
Intermediate	House Hold SurveysRecipes for RACs		
Refined Data intensive	 Individual Diet Surveys Recipes for RACs and processed products 	 Percent Crop Treated Dietary Monitoring Data Washing and Cooking Factors Dublicate Cinner Places 	





Level	Consumption	Residue Estimates	Model
Unrefined Less Resources		MRL and 100% CT	
Intermediate		 Field Trial (HR and STMR) Worse Case Variability for HR Al-specific processing 	
Refined Data intensive		 Percent Crop Treated Dietary Monitoring Data Washing and Cooking Factors Duplicate Dinner Plates 	





Level	Consumption	Residue Estimates	Model
Unrefined Less Resources			Deterministic (single values)Single foods assessments
Intermediate			Probabilistic consumption with deterministic residue estimates
Refined Data intensive	 Individual Diet Surveys Recipes for RACs and processed products 		Probabilistic consumption with residue distributions for individual foods

Overview – Exposure Components and Acute Dietary Model OPTIONS



Level	Consumption	Residue Estimates	Model
Unrefined Less Resources	Food Balance Sheets	MRL and 100% CT	 Deterministic (single values) Single foods assessments
Intermediate	House Hold SurveysRecipes for RACs	 Field Trial (HR and STMR) Worse Case Variability for HR Al-specific processing 	Probabilistic consumption with deterministic residue estimates
Refined Data intensive	 Individual Diet Surveys Recipes for RACs and processed products 	 Percent Crop Treated Dietary Monitoring Data Washing and Cooking Factors Duplicate Dinner Plates 	Probabilistic consumption with residue distributions for individual foods



Acute US Processes

Level	Consumption WWEIA	Residue Tiered Estimates	Model DEEM FCID
Unrefined Less Resources		MRL and 100% CT	
Intermediate		 Field Trial (HAFT and averages) Al-specific processing 	 Probabilistic consumption with deterministic residue estimates (95%th)
Refined Data intensive	 Individual Diet Surveys Recipes for RACs and processed products 	 Percent Crop Treated (BEAD) Dietary Monitoring Data (USDA PDP) Washing and Cooking Factors TOTAL DIET STUDY 	 Probabilistic consumption with residue distributions for individual foods (99.9%th)



Acute EU Process

Level	Consumption EU National Diets	Residue Estimates	Model PRIMo - IESTI
Unrefined Less Resources		MRL and 100% CT	Deterministic (single values)Single foods assessments
Intermediate	House Hold SurveysRecipes for RACs	 Field Trial (HR and STMR) Variability for HR (3,5,7) Al-specific processing 	
Refined Data intensive	 Individual Diet Surveys Recipes for RACs and limited processed products 	 Percent Crop Treated Dietery Monitoring Data Washing and Cooking Factors Dublicete Cinner Places 	



Acute CODEX process

Level	Consumption WHO GEMS	Residue Estimates	Model
Unrefined Less Resources		• 100% CT	 Deterministic (single values) Single foods assessments
Intermediate	House Hold SurveysRecipes for RACs	 Field Trial (HR and STMR) Variability for HR vF = 3 Al-specific processing 	
Refined Data intensive	 Individual Diet Surveys (14 countries) Recipes for RACs and processed products 	 Washing and Cooking Factors (Case by Case) 	

Comparison of Driver Foods in acute assessments



US Children

- milk , Juices (apple and grape) ,
- Orange juice, wheat flour, banana,
 apple, corn syrup, soymilk, wheat flour,
 potato

EU Children

- Potatoes, melons, oranges, milk
- Watermelons, pineapple, apples, pear, grapefruit, cauliflower and pears

EPA Code	Crop Grp	Commodity Name	NFF
1100009000	11	Apple, dried	4
1100009001	11	Apple, dried-babyfood	1
1100007000	11	Apple, fruit with peel	4
		110-Uncooked; Fresh or N/S; Cook Meth N/S	
		150-Uncooked; Cured, etc; Cook Meth N/S	
		211-Cooked; Fresh or N/S; Baked	
		213-Cooked; Fresh or N/S; Fried	
1100010000	11	Apple, juice	10
		110-Uncooked; Fresh or N/S; Cook Meth N/S	
		120-Uncooked; Frozen; Cook Meth N/S	
		130-Uncooked; Dried; Cook Meth N/S	
		210-Cooked; Fresh or N/S; Cook Meth N/S	
		211-Cooked; Fresh or N/S; Baked	
		212-Cooked; Fresh or N/S; Boiled	
		213-Cooked; Fresh or N/S; Fried	
		214-Cooked; Fresh or N/S; Fried/baked	
		230-Cooked; Dried; Cook Meth N/S	
		240-Cooked; Canned; Cook Meth N/S	
1100010001	11	Apple, juice-babyfood	2
1100008000	11	Apple, peeled fruit	8
1100008001	11	Apple, peeled fruit-babyfood	3
1100011000	11	Apple, sauce	5
1100011001	11	Apple, sauce-babyfood	1
1100129000	11	Crabapple	0
1100210000	11	Loquat	0

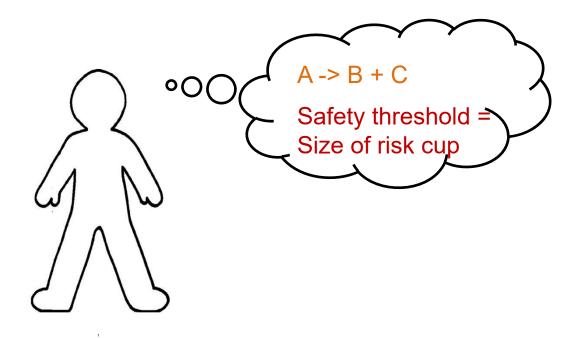


Dietary Risk Assessment for Pesticides

Risk = f (Exposure, Hazard)

Exposure = Consumption X Residue in Food

Hazard = f(Toxicological Endpoint, Residue Definition)



Divergence in Toxicological Interpretation Impacts Risk Cup

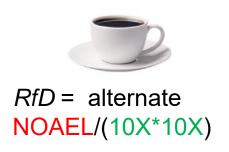


RfD = NOAEL/(10X*10X*3X)









- Different UF
- Different POD
- Different residue definition

Generalized Process for RA Residue Definition



Conduct ¹⁴C Metabolism

Goat, hen, 3 crops, rotational crop

Determine Metabolic Pathway(s)

• $A \rightarrow B + C \rightarrow D + E$

Establish Residue Definition List

 A, B, C most significant metabolites (prevalence and toxicity expertise)

Is Toxicology Covered?

Review of rat metabolism and PK studies

Conduct Field Trials

Collect field data on metabolite levels to confirm the final definition

Conduct Dietary
Assessment

· For RA residue definition

Planned EU Process for Residue Definition



Conduct ¹⁴C Metabolism

 Goat, hen, 3 crops, rotational crop, high temp hydrolysis, stereo chemical metabolism considerations

Determine Metabolic Pathways

• A \rightarrow B + C \rightarrow D + E +??? more ID

Review ALL Metabolites

Conduct deeper toxicity evaluations

Is Toxicology Covered?

Focus on >10% dose urine/bile/organs of rat metabolism
 Larger toxicology data set for metabolites

Mathematically Sum for Residue Definition

- Derive total toxicological burden (sum of parent + metabolites)
- Add metabolites into residue definition (RD) to reach ≥ 75% toxicological burden

Apply to Field Trials . . .

with increased # analytes in trials

Key Areas Where Dietary Risk Assesments May Differ Globally



Develop international consumption reporting standards- e.g. processed products

Consumption
Data for
National
Populations

Toxicologic

Endpoint:

Expert

Evaluation of

Animal Studies

Residue in Food: How to Measure/
_Estimate?

Estimate

Residue
Definition:
Which
metabolites
included?

Improve estimates at consumer level

Better use of monitoring

Continue Joint Reviews

Leverage
"Others"
Published Data
and Decisions

Develop better in silico tools

Streamline tox animal testing?

07.01.2015

Methods and Protection Goals







Toxicology Trends Impact Risk Cup

NA Focus

New studies at various lifestages to address FQPA **10X** -> different **subpopulation** endpoints

Acute Neurotox study -> more Als with **ARfDs**

EU Focus

Hazard **Cut Offs->** *less emphasis on exposure and risk assessment*

Metabolite Toxicity -> diverging residue definitions or metabolite endpoints for risk assessment

Use of early repeat dose for acute: different ARfDs

Asia Focus

Independent Reivew of Global Data

- -> different subpopulation
 endpoints;
- -> new emphasis on ARfDs

LA Focus

Seeking balance between Hazard focus and Risk assessment Typical RfD = NOAEL/(10X*10X)

Global Divergence of Final Enpoint either from POD or Safety Factor